





Paper 32 Advanced Practical Skills

May/June 2008

CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS

Great care should be taken to ensure that any confidential information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.



The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 11 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.

If you have any problems or queries regarding these instructions, please contact CIE

by e-mail: International@cie.org.uk by phone: +44 1223 553554 +44 1223 553558 by fax:

stating the Centre number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.

This document consists of 9 printed pages and 3 blank pages.



Safety

Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that **all** substances in the examination should be with caution. Only those tests described in the question paper should be attempted. Please also under 'Apparatus' on the use of pipette fillers, safety goggles and plastic gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

C	corrosive substance	F	highly flammable substance
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H harmful or irritating substanceO oxidising substance

T toxic substance N dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety, first-aid and disposal of chemicals.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

Before the Examination

1 Access to the question paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

2 Preparation of materials

Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the question paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep the concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

Supervisors are asked to carry out any confirmatory tests given on pages 4, 5 and 6 to ensure the materials supplied are appropriate.

If the concentrations differ slightly from those specified, the Examiners will make the necessary allowance. They should be informed of the exact concentrations.

3 Labelling of materials

Materials must be labelled as specified in these instructions. Materials with an **FB** code number should be so labelled **without** the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an **FB** coded chemical is given in the question paper itself.

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4 Identity of materials

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the question paper may not conexactly with the specifications in these Instructions. **The candidates must assume the descriptions in the question paper.**

5 Size of group

In view of the difficulty of the preparation of large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

Apparatus

- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and materials specified below will be necessary.
- 2 Pipette fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety goggles and disposable plastic gloves should be used where necessary.
- 3 For each candidate
 - 1 x plastic cup (expanded polystyrene/foamed plastic)
 - $1 \times 250 \,\mathrm{cm}^3$ beaker (to support the plastic cup)
 - $1 \times 50 \, \text{cm}^3$ burette
 - 1 x stand
 - 1 x burette clamp
 - 1 x thermometer, -10°C to 110°C by 1°C
 - 1 x tube, labelled **FB 5**, to contain 5.00 g of mixture
 - 1 x tube, labelled **FB 6**, to contain 5.00 g of mixture
 - 1 x small spatula
 - 1 x wash bottle of distilled water

access to a balance weighing to at least 0.1 g

- 10 test-tubes
- 3 x boiling-tubes
- 1 x test-tube rack
- 1 x test-tube holder
- 1 x Bunsen burner
- 1 x heat-proof mat
- 2 x teat/squeeze pipettes

paper towels

Where access to a balance is restricted, some candidates should be instructed to start the examination at Question 2.

Chemicals Required

It is especially important that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

Particular requirements

nazard	label	per candidate	identity	notes (hazard symbols given in this column are for the raw materials.)
王	FB 1	250 cm ³	3.00 mol dm ⁻³ hydrochloric acid	Dilute 258 cm 3 of concentrated (35% w/w; approximately 11 mol dm $^{-3}$) acid [C] to 1 dm 3 .
Ξ	FB 2	tube containing 5.0 ± 0.2 g	Na ₂ CO ₃ + NaHCO ₃ mixture	Weigh into a tube labelled FB 2 1.0 \pm 0.1 g of anhydrous sodium carbonate [H] and 4.0 \pm 0.1 g of sodium hydrogencarbonate [H] .
Ξ	FB3	tube containing 5.0 ± 0.2 g	Na ₂ CO ₃ + NaHCO ₃ mixture	Weigh into a tube labelled FB 3 2.5 \pm 0.1 g of anhydrous sodium carbonate [H] and 2.5 \pm 0.1 g of sodium hydrogencarbonate [H] .
E	FB 4	tube containing 5.0 ± 0.2 g	Na ₂ CO ₃ + NaHCO ₃ mixture	Weigh into a tube labelled FB 4 4.0 ± 0.1 g of anhydrous sodium carbonate [H] and 1.0 ± 0.1 g of sodium hydrogencarbonate [H] .
Ξ	sodium carbonate	69	anhydrous sodium carbonate, Na ₂ CO ₃	This may be supplied to each candidate or as a communal supply.
Ξ	sodium hydrogencarbonate	69	sodium hydrogencarbonate NaHCO ₃	This may be supplied to each candidate or as a communal supply.

The sodium hydrogencarbonate provided should give a temperature fall of approximately 1.41 °Cg⁻¹ when reacted with 50 cm³ of 2 moldm⁻³ The sodium carbonate provided should give a temperature rise of approximately 1.75 °Cg⁻¹ when reacted with 50cm³ of 2 moldm⁻³ hydrochloric acid. Use freshly purchased anhydrous sodium carbonate, or remove absorbed water vapour by heating at 100°C, then cooling in a dessicator. hydrochloric acid.

Reagents giving significantly smaller temperature changes should not be used.

www.PapaCambridge.com Centres may wish to prepare bulk mixtures for each of the tubes **FB 2, FB 3** and **FB 4** and place 5.0 ± 0.2 g of each mixture in each tube. If the mixtures are prepared in this way it is the responsibility of the Centre to ensure that each mixture is uniform in composition.

If tubes are prepared in advance of the examination, check on issue that the contents are free flowing and can be easily tipped from the tul

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Particular requirements (continued)

ıazard	label	per candidate	identity	notes (hazard symbols given in this column are for the raw materials.)
Z F	FB 7	30 cm³	0.10 moldm ⁻³ manganese(II) sulphate	This salt may be obtained as the monohydrate or as the tetrahydrate. Dissolve 16.9g of MnSO ₄ .H ₂ O [H] [N] or 22.3g of MnSO ₄ .4H ₂ O [H] [N] in each dm ³ of solution.
	FB 8	30 cm³	0.10 mol dm ⁻³ magnesium sulphate	Dissolve 24.5g of $\mathrm{MgSO_4.7H_2O}$ in each $\mathrm{dm^3}$ of solution.
[H]	FB 9	30 cm ³	0.005 mol dm ⁻³ calcium chloride	Dissolve 1.10g of $CaCl_2.6H_2O$ in each dm^3 of solution, Reduce the concentration of this solution, if necessary, so that it gives no more than a faint white cloudiness with NaOH(aq) but a positive test for chloride with $AgNO_3(aq)$.
H	aqueous hydrogen peroxide	10 cm³	aqueous hydrogen peroxide 10 volume or 3% w/w or 0.83 moldm ⁻³	Hydrogen peroxide may be purchased by volume strength e.g. 10 volume [H] , 20 volume [H] or 100 volume [C] . Care: 100 volume $H_2O_2(aq)$ is corrosive. 100 volume peroxide = 30% w/w = 8.3 mol dm ⁻³ Purchase the required concentration of solution or dilute as appropriate.

he list of chemicals required is continued overleaf.

The standard bench reagents specifically required are set out below. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, the attention of the Invigilators should be drawn to the fact that such an arrangement may enhance the opportunity for malpractice between candidates.

	label	identity	notes (hazard symbols given in this column are for the raw materials.)
Ξ	dilute hydrochloric acid	2.0 moldm ⁻³ HCl	Dilute $172\mathrm{cm}^3$ of concentrated (35% w/w; approximately $11\mathrm{moldm}^{-3}$) acid [C] to $1\mathrm{dm}^3$.
<u></u>	dilute nitric acid	2.0 moldm ⁻³ HNO ₃	Dilute 128 cm ³ of concentrated (70% w/w) acid [C] [O] to 1 dm ³ .
<u>5</u>	aqueous sodium hydroxide	2.0 moldm ⁻³ NaOH	Dissolve 80.0g of NaOH [C] in each dm ³ of solution. Care – the process of solution is exothermic and any concentrated solution is very corrosive.
Ξ	aqueous ammonia	2.0 moldm ⁻³ NH ₃	Dilute 112 cm ³ of concentrated (35% w/w) ammonia [C] [N] to 1 dm ³ .
Е	barium chloride	0.1 mol dm ⁻³ barium chloride	Dissolve 24.4g of BaC l_2 .2H $_2$ O [T] in each dm 3 of solution,
	[or barium nitrate]	[or 0.1 mol dm ⁻³ barium nitrate]	[or 0.1 mol dm ⁻³ barium nitrate] $ $ [or dissolve 26.1 g of Ba(NO ₃) ₂ [H] [O] in each dm ³ of solution.]
E E	silver nitrate	0.05 mol dm ⁻³ silver nitrate	Dissolve 8.5g of AgNO $_3$ [C] [N] in each dm 3 of solution.
[N] [L	lead(II) nitrate	0.1 mol dm ⁻³ lead(II) nitrate	Dissolve 33.1 g of Pb(NO ₃) ₂ [T] [O] [N] in each dm ³ of solution.

The reagents, materials and apparatus to test the gases listed in the syllabus must be available to candidates. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, the attention of the Invigilators should be drawn to the fact that such an arrangement may enhance the opportunity for malpractice between candidates.

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notes	Prepare fresh limewater by leaving distilled water to stand over solid calcium hydroxide [H] for several days, shaking occasionally. Decant or filter the solution.	Dissolve 14.8g of K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ [T] [N] in 50cm ³ of 1 moldm ⁻³ sulphuric acid [H]. Make the solution up to 1 dm ³ with distilled water. The use of plastic gloves may be considered to prevent contact with secondary and the contact with secondary co
identity	saturated aqueous calcium hydroxide, Ca(OH) ₂	$0.05 \text{mol dm}^{-3} \text{K}_2 \text{Cr}_2 \text{O}_7$ $0.05 \text{mol dm}^{-3} \text{H}_2 \text{SO}_4$
label	limewater	T] [N] acidified aqueous potassium dichromate(VI) 0.05 moldm ⁻³ K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ dichromate(VI) 0.05 moldm ⁻³ H ₂ SO ₄
nazard	臣	N F

ed and blue litmus paper, plain filter paper strips for use with aqueous potassium dichromate(VI), wooden splints, the apparatus normally he Centre for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide

Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

1 The Supervisor, or other competent chemist must carry out the FIVE experiments in que and complete tables of readings on a spare copy of the question paper which should be lab 'Supervisor's Results'.

This should be done for:

each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each set of solutions supplied.

N.B. The question paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

2 The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 11 to show which candidates attended each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 12 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

After the Examination

Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- 2 A copy of the Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in 1.
- **3** A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 11 and 12).
- 4 The Attendance Register.
- 5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalised.

COLOUR BLINDNESS

With regard to colour-blindness – a minor handicap, relatively common in males – it is permissible to advise candidates who request assistance on colours of, for example, precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the index numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green colour-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application for this handicap.

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REPORT FORM

This form must be completed and sent to the Examiner in the envelope with the scrip

Cer	ntre N	Number	Name of Centre	
1	Ple:		ed in Question 1 on a spare copy of the question nd showing the Centre number and appropriate	
2	The	index numbers of candidates attending ea	ach session were:	
		First Session	Second Session	
3		The Supervisor is required to give details overleaf of any difficulties experienced by particular andidates, giving names and index numbers. These should include reference to:		
	(a)	a) any general difficulties encountered in making preparation;		
	(b)	difficulties due to faulty apparatus or materials;		
	(c)	accidents with apparatus or materials;		
	(d)	assistance with respect to colour-blindne	SS.	
		er cases of hardship, e.g. illness, tempora mal 'Application for Special Consideration'	ry disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the form.	

A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate number of the places occupied by the

candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.

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Report on any difficulties experienced by candidates.

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